

## DIVISION IS TAKING OUT REPEATEDLY

**FACT 1:** Division is how many times one amount can be taken out of another.

(a) There are 30 pennies on the table. How many times can you take 6 pennies out?

$$30 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 = 0$$

You can take 6 pennies out of 30 pennies 5 times. After that you have no pennies left on the table.

(b) How many years are there in 100 months?

$$100 - (12+12+12+12+12+12+12+12) = 4$$

You keep taking a year (12 months) out at a time until less than a year is left. The largest multiple of 12 that you can take out is  $12 \times 8 = 96$ . After that only 4 months are left, and you cannot take out another year. So, there are 8 years in 100 months with 4 months left.

**FACT 2:** Division is the same level of operation as multiplication.

(a) A man divided \$28 equally among 4 boys. How many did he give each?

Find the largest multiple of 4 that can be taken out of 28. Ask 4 times “what?” is closest to 28 that can be taken out of 28. The answer is 7. Since  $4 \times 7 = 28$ , nothing would be left. So, the man gave \$7 to each boy.

(b) If a man travels 3 miles in an hour, how many hours will it take him to travel 27 miles?

Each hour the man travels 3 miles. Ask 3 miles times “what?” is closest to 27 miles that can be taken out of 27 miles. The answer is 9. Since  $3 \times 9 = 27$ , nothing would be left. So, the man will take 9 hours to travel 27 miles.

**1. Divide. You may verify your answers on a calculator.**

(a) $9 \div 3$	(e) $8 \div 4$	(i) $25 \div 5$	(m) $12 \div 4$
(b) $8 \div 2$	(f) $15 \div 5$	(j) $24 \div 6$	(n) $12 \div 6$
(c) $6 \div 2$	(g) $21 \div 3$	(k) $16 \div 4$	(o) $24 \div 8$
(d) $9 \div 1$	(h) $28 \div 7$	(l) $12 \div 3$	

**2. Solve the following using division.**

- (a) If there are 20 pennies on the table, how many times can you take 5 pennies out?
- (b) \$42 was divided equally among 6 boys. How many \$ did each boy receive?
- (c) There are 32 dimes on a table in 4 piles. How many dimes are there in each pile?

**End of Lesson**