

ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

FACT 1: The orders of addition and subtraction are interchangeable. Therefore, they may simply be carried out from left to right.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 10 - 5 + 8 - 4 & = & 5 + 8 - 4 \\ 3 + 9 - 4 + 7 & = & 12 - 4 + 7 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{rcl} = 13 - 4 & = 9 \\ = 8 + 7 & = 15 \end{array}$$

FACT 2: The “no sign” in front of the first number is actually a “plus” sign. This can be seen by adding 0 in front, which does not change the sum.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 9 + 3 & = & 0 + 9 + 3 \\ 9 - 3 & = & 0 + 9 - 3 \end{array}$$

FACT 3: The numbers may be moved around, but only with their operation signs in front of them.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 9 + 3 & = & 0 + 9 + 3 \\ 9 - 3 & = & 0 + 9 - 3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{rcl} = 0 + 3 + 9 & = 3 + 9 \\ = 0 - 3 + 9 & = -3 + 9 \end{array}$$

NOTE: $3 = 0 + 3$; and $-3 = 0 - 3$

FACT 4: The numbers with the same operation may be gathered and totaled first.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 9 - 5 + 3 - 4 - 6 + 7 + 9 - 8 & = & (9 + 3 + 7 + 9) - (5 + 4 + 6 + 8) \\ & = & 28 - 23 \\ & = & 5 \end{array}$$

FACT 5: Same numbers with opposite signs pair up to zero. They may simply be canceled out.

$3 - 3 = 0$; $4 - 4 = 0$; $8 - 8 = 0$; therefore,

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 8 - 5 + 3 - 4 - 3 + 7 + 4 - 8 & = & 8 - 5 + \cancel{3} - \cancel{4} - \cancel{3} + \cancel{7} + \cancel{4} - \cancel{8} \\ & = & 8 - 5 - \cancel{4} + \cancel{7} + \cancel{4} - \cancel{8} \\ & = & \cancel{8} - \cancel{5} + \cancel{7} - \cancel{8} \\ & = & \cancel{7} - \cancel{5} \\ & = & 2 \end{array}$$

1. Compute the following.

$(a) 7 - 4 + 2$	$(d) 9 - 3 - 4 + 1$	$(g) 3 - 5 - 2 + 9 - 3 - 4 - 5 + 7$
$(b) 7 + 5 - 8$	$(e) 4 - 5 - 7 + 13$	$(h) 9 - 3 - 6 - 2 + 8 - 3 + 7 - 2$
$(c) 2 + 6 - 5$	$(f) 6 - 9 + 15 - 5$	$(i) 7 - 6 - 5 - 11 + 5 + 9 - 2 + 7$

Check your answers:

(a) 5 (b) 4 (c) 3 (d) 3 (e) 5 (f) 7 (g) 0 (h) 8 (i) 4

End of Lesson