

1. If $a = \frac{1}{2}$, $b = \frac{2}{3}$ and $c = \frac{3}{4}$, what is the value of $\frac{2a + 3b}{c}$?
- (A) $\frac{1}{4}$ (B) $1\frac{1}{2}$ (C) $2\frac{1}{4}$ (D) 3 (E) 4
2. Which of the following is the equivalent of $\frac{4(O - P) - 8P}{6P - 2O}$?
- (A) -3 (B) -2 (C) 0 (D) 1 (E) 2
3. One-half a number is 17 more than one-third of that number. What is the number?
- (A) 52 (B) 84 (C) 102 (D) 112 (E) 204
4. In which, if any, of the following can the 2's be cancelled out without changing the value of the expression?
- (A) $2x - 2m$ (B) $\frac{x}{2}$ (C) $\frac{2x - m}{2}$
- (D) $\frac{x^2}{m^2}$ (E) none of these
5. $\frac{1}{y} = \sqrt{.16}$; $y = ?$
- (A) .25 (B) .4 (C) 2.5 (D) 4 (E) 10
6. $7x - 5y = 13$
 $2x - 7y = 26$
 $5x + 2y = ?$
- (A) 39 (B) -39 (C) 13 (D) -13 (E) 19.5
7. $-\frac{1}{7}$ and 0 are the roots of which of the following equations?
- (A) $7x^2 - 3x = 0$ (B) $7x^2 + 3 = 0$
 (C) $7x^2 - 3 = 0$ (D) $7x^2 + x = 0$
 (E) $7x + 3 = 0$
8. $3r - 2s = 0$; $\frac{9r^2}{s^2} = ?$
- (A) $\frac{1}{4}$ (B) 1 (C) 4 (D) 9 (E) $\frac{81}{4}$
9. $\frac{y}{s - t} = \frac{s + t}{t - s}$; $y = ?$
- (A) $-s - t$ (B) $t - s$ (C) $t + s$ (D) $s - t$
 (E) $t^2 - s^2$
10. $\frac{a}{b} = c$; $b = c$. Find b in terms of a .
- (A) a (B) b (C) $\pm\sqrt{b}$ (D) $\pm\sqrt{a}$
 (E) $\pm\sqrt{ac}$
11. $\frac{1}{N} \div \frac{1}{N} = ?$
- (A) 1 (B) $\frac{1}{N^2}$ (C) $\frac{1}{N}$ (D) N (E) N^2
12. $\frac{a + b}{a - b} \div \frac{b + a}{b - a} = ?$
- (A) +1 (B) -1 (C) ± 1 (D) $a^2 - b^2$
 (E) $b^2 - a^2$
13. $3x + 10 = 9x - 20$
 $(x + 5)^2 = ?$
- (A) 5 (B) 10 (C) 15 (D) 25 (E) 100
14. $a = \frac{ax}{1 - x}$
 $x = ?$
- (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) a (E) $2a$
15. If $x\sqrt{.16} = 2$, then x equals
- (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) 4 (C) 5 (D) 10 (E) 50
16. $\sqrt{x^2y^2 - y^2}$ equals
- (A) $x - 1$ (B) $y\sqrt{x^2 - 1}$ (C) $y(x^2 - 1)$
 (D) $(x^2 - 1)\sqrt{y}$ (E) $xy - y$
17. If $x^2 = 5$, then $6x^6$ equals
- (A) 30 (B) 90 (C) 180 (D) 750 (E) 900
18. $17xy + 7 = 19xy$
 $4xy = ?$
- (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) $3\frac{1}{2}$ (D) 7 (E) 14
19. The expression a^x means that a is to be used as a factor x times. Therefore, if a^x is squared, the result is
- (A) $a^{(x^2)}$ (B) a^{2x} (C) $2a^{2x}$ (D) $2a^x$ (E) $2ax^2$
20. $2x - 4y = -10$
 $5x - 3y = 3$
 $3x - 6y = ?$
- (A) $\frac{3}{2}$ (B) $\frac{2}{3}$ (C) -7 (D) 15 (E) -15